

Problem 1.5 Alternate Solutions

$$\begin{aligned}
 n\langle x \rangle &= \frac{na e^{-Fa/kT}}{1 + e^{-Fa/kT}} \approx \frac{na(1 - Fa/kT)}{2 - Fa/kT} \\
 &= \frac{na}{2 - Fa/kT} - \frac{nFa^2}{kT} \frac{1}{2 - Fa/kT} \\
 &= \frac{na}{2} - \frac{nFa^2}{2kT}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$n\langle x \rangle = \frac{na}{1 + e^{Fa/kT}} \approx \frac{na}{2 + Fa/kT}$$

How do we write this as $c_0 + c_1 F$, saving terms on the order of $\frac{Fa}{kT}$ and ignoring terms on the order $(\frac{Fa}{kT})^2$?

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{na}{2 + Fa/kT} &\rightarrow \frac{na}{2 + \theta} \text{ as } \theta \rightarrow 0 \text{ and Taylor Expand} \\
 &= \frac{na}{2 + \theta} \Big|_{\theta=0} + \frac{d}{d\theta} \left[\frac{na}{2 + \theta} \right]_{\theta=0} \theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{d\theta^2} \left[\frac{na}{2 + \theta} \right]_{\theta=0} \theta^2 + \dots \\
 &= \frac{na}{2} - \frac{na}{(2 + \theta)^2} \Big|_{\theta=0} \theta + O(\theta^2) \\
 &= \frac{na}{2} - \frac{nFa^2}{4kT} \approx n\langle x \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

Why not Taylor Expand from the beginning?

$$\begin{aligned}
 n\langle x \rangle &= \frac{na}{1 + e^{Fa/kT}} \rightarrow \frac{na}{1 + e^\theta} \text{ as } \theta \rightarrow 0 \\
 &= \frac{na}{1 + e^\theta} \Big|_{\theta=0} + \frac{d}{d\theta} \left[\frac{na}{1 + e^\theta} \right]_{\theta=0} \theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2}{d\theta^2} \left[\frac{na}{1 + e^\theta} \right]_{\theta=0} \theta^2 + \dots \\
 &= \frac{na}{2} + \left[\frac{-na e^\theta}{(1 + e^\theta)^2} \right]_{\theta=0} \theta + O(\theta^2) \\
 n\langle x \rangle &\approx \frac{na}{2} - \frac{nFa^2}{4kT}
 \end{aligned}$$

I would accept either answer